

Theoretical computer science: art or science?

(or rather loose observations on both topics)

Filip Mazowiecki

University of Warsaw

Logic Mentoring Workshop 2024

Tallin

Outline

1. **Happy few**
2. Terribles simplificateurs
3. Duty of genius
4. Imposter syndrome

Is art useful?

No need (and time) for a formal analysis

Is art useful?

No need (and time) for a formal analysis

St. Crispin's Day speech from "Henry V" by Shakespeare:

“(...) But we in it shall be remember'd;
We few, we happy few, we band of brothers; (...)”

Is art useful?

No need (and time) for a formal analysis

St. Crispin's Day speech from "Henry V" by Shakespeare:

“(...) But we in it shall be remember'd;
We few, we happy few, we band of brothers; (...)”

Beautiful speech delivered to a couple of soldiers

Is art useful?

No need (and time) for a formal analysis

St. Crispin's Day speech from "Henry V" by Shakespeare:

“(...) But we in it shall be remember'd;
We few, we happy few, we band of brothers; (...)”

Beautiful speech delivered to a couple of soldiers

Purpose of art:

- Does not need to seek for attention (but can)
- Needs to impact some people (audience = **happy few**)

(Happy?) Few in logic/automata

I consider LICS and ICALP (track B) our two top conferences

(Happy?) Few in logic/automata

I consider LICS and ICALP (track B) our two top conferences

- papers in 2024: LICS **72**, ICALP (B) **34**

(Happy?) Few in logic/automata

I consider LICS and ICALP (track B) our two top conferences

- papers in 2024: LICS **72**, ICALP (B) **34**

Meanwhile top ML conferences

papers in 2024: ICML **2610**, ICLR **2296**, NeurIPS **3584*** (* in 2023)

(Happy?) Few in logic/automata

I consider LICS and ICALP (track B) our two top conferences

- papers in 2024: LICS **72**, ICALP (B) **34**

Meanwhile top ML conferences

papers in 2024: ICML **2610**, ICLR **2296**, NeurIPS **3584*** (* in 2023)

- Summed citations of all 7 invited speakers: **27591**

(Happy?) Few in logic/automata

I consider LICS and ICALP (track B) our two top conferences

- papers in 2024: LICS **72**, ICALP (B) **34**

Meanwhile top ML conferences

papers in 2024: ICML **2610**, ICLR **2296**, NeurIPS **3584*** (* in 2023)

- Summed citations of all 7 invited speakers: **27591**

Adam Paszke citations since 2019: PyTorch **56828**, ... master thesis **6**

(Happy?) Few in logic/automata

I consider LICS and ICALP (track B) our two top conferences

- papers in 2024: LICS **72**, ICALP (B) **34**

Meanwhile top ML conferences

papers in 2024: ICML **2610**, ICLR **2296**, NeurIPS **3584*** (* in 2023)

- Summed citations of all 7 invited speakers: **27591**

Adam Paszke citations since 2019: PyTorch **56828**, ... master thesis **6**

- Angluin's seminal paper'1987: citations **2974**

(Happy?) Few in logic/automata

I consider LICS and ICALP (track B) our two top conferences

- papers in 2024: LICS **72**, ICALP (B) **34**

Meanwhile top ML conferences

papers in 2024: ICML **2610**, ICLR **2296**, NeurIPS **3584*** (* in 2023)

- Summed citations of all 7 invited speakers: **27591**

Adam Paszke citations since 2019: PyTorch **56828**, ... master thesis **6**

- Angluin's seminal paper'1987: citations **2974**

A decent theoretical GNN analysis ICLR'2019: citations **7580**

(Happy?) Few in logic/automata

I consider LICS and ICALP (track B) our two top conferences

- papers in 2024: LICS **72**, ICALP (B) **34**

Meanwhile top ML conferences

papers in 2024: ICML **2610**, ICLR **2296**, NeurIPS **3584*** (* in 2023)

- Summed citations of all 7 invited speakers: **27591**

Adam Paszke citations since 2019: PyTorch **56828**, ... master thesis **6**

- Angluin's seminal paper'1987: citations **2974**

A decent theoretical GNN analysis ICLR'2019: citations **7580**

- ...you get the point

Understanding comics: the invisible art

Few and not even well-defined?



Understanding comics: the invisible art

Few and not even well-defined?

- Comics are often looked down upon:
“comics” originates from “comic”
neither a book nor a painting



Understanding comics: the invisible art

Few and not even well-defined?

- Comics are often looked down upon:
“comics” originates from “comic”
neither a book nor a painting
- Automata: math or computer science?



Understanding comics: the invisible art

Few and not even well-defined?

- Comics are often looked down upon:
“comics” originates from “comic”
neither a book nor a painting
- Automata: math or computer science?

I usually identify as a mathematician



Understanding comics: the invisible art

Few and not even well-defined?

- Comics are often looked down upon:
“comics” originates from “comic”
neither a book nor a painting
- Automata: math or computer science?

I usually identify as a mathematician

Yet, I start a LICS paper with:



Workflow nets are a well-established variant of Petri nets
for the modeling of process activities such as business processes

Short summary

- We're objectively few

Short summary

- We're objectively few
- With identification problems

Short summary

- We're objectively few
- With identification problems
- Should we look up to ML?

Outline

1. Happy few
2. **Terribles simplificateurs**
3. Duty of genius
4. Imposter syndrome

Jacob Burckhardt: terribles simplificateurs

Born in Basel in 1818

Historian of art



Jacob Burckhardt: terribles simplificateurs

Born in Basel in 1818

Historian of art

Known for works on Renaissance
treating the period as a whole



Jacob Burckhardt: terribles simplificateurs

Born in Basel in 1818

Historian of art

Known for works on Renaissance
treating the period as a whole



Famously wrote in a letter:

“My mental picture of those terribles simplificateurs [simplifiers] who will one day descend upon our old Europe is not an agreeable one”

Jacob Burckhardt: terribles simplificateurs

Born in Basel in 1818

Historian of art

Known for works on Renaissance
treating the period as a whole



Famously wrote in a letter:

“My mental picture of those terribles simplificateurs [simplifiers] who will one day descend upon our old Europe is not an agreeable one”

It can be referred to people that need a general purpose for doing things:
e.g. **practical applications**

Terribles simplificateurs in action

- How to compare books?

Terribles simplificateurs in action

- How to compare books?

Simple solution $f : Books \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$

e.g. ranking on Goodreads

Terribles simplificateurs in action

- How to compare books?

Simple solution $f : Books \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$

e.g. ranking on Goodreads

$$f(\text{Harry Potter part I}) = 4.47 > 4.13 = f(\text{The Magic Mountain})$$

Terribles simplificateurs in action

- How to compare books?

Simple solution $f : Books \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$

e.g. ranking on Goodreads

$$f(\text{Harry Potter part I}) = 4.47 > 4.13 = f(\text{The Magic Mountain})$$

Is this reasonable?

Terribles simplificateurs in action

- How to compare books?

Simple solution $f : Books \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$

e.g. ranking on Goodreads

$$f(\text{Harry Potter part I}) = 4.47 > 4.13 = f(\text{The Magic Mountain})$$

Is this reasonable?

- We do this:

$$f : Conferences \rightarrow \{A^*, A, B, C\}$$

CORE rank

Terribles simplificateurs in action

- How to compare books?

Simple solution $f : Books \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$

e.g. ranking on Goodreads

$$f(\text{Harry Potter part I}) = 4.47 > 4.13 = f(\text{The Magic Mountain})$$

Is this reasonable?

- We do this:

$f : Conferences \rightarrow \{A^*, A, B, C\}$

CORE rank

$$f(\text{LICS}) = A^* > A = f(\text{ICALP})$$

Such simplifications are needed

Talks, exams, job applications, **reviews**, ...

Such simplifications are needed

Talks, exams, job applications, **reviews**, ...

- Reviewer #2 must be stopped!

OVERALL EVALUATION: 2 (accept)

REVIEWER'S CONFIDENCE: 3 (medium)

----- REVIEW -----

*

Such simplifications are needed

Talks, exams, job applications, **reviews**, ...

- Reviewer #2 must be stopped!

OVERALL EVALUATION: 2 (accept)
REVIEWER'S CONFIDENCE: 3 (medium)

----- REVIEW -----

*

- Reviewer #2 can be stopped

“Due to the brevity,
the opinion of Reviewer 3 was not taken into account during the discussion.”

Such simplifications are needed

Talks, exams, job applications, **reviews**, ...

- Reviewer #2 must be stopped!

OVERALL EVALUATION: 2 (accept)
REVIEWER'S CONFIDENCE: 3 (medium)

----- REVIEW -----
*

- Reviewer #2 can be stopped

“Due to the brevity,
the opinion of Reviewer 3 was not taken into account during the discussion.”

- But Reviewer #2 might be right

“Personally, I find the methods used in the article far more interesting
than the actual main result.”

Balloon dog

Series of sculptures



Balloon dog

Series of sculptures

- Successful:
one of them sold for \$58.4 million



Balloon dog

Series of sculptures

- Successful:
one of them sold for \$58.4 million
- The point here:
Expensive \nRightarrow good



Balloon dog

Series of sculptures

- Successful:
one of them sold for \$58.4 million
 - The point here:
Expensive \Rightarrow good
- Many citations \Rightarrow good paper



Balloon dog

Series of sculptures

- Successful:
one of them sold for \$58.4 million
- The point here:
Expensive \nRightarrow good



Many citations \nRightarrow good paper

C PROOF FOR LEMMA 4

Proof. Before proving our lemma, we first show a well-known result that we will later reduce our problem to: \mathbb{N}^k is countable for every $k \in \mathbb{N}$, i.e. finite Cartesian product of countable sets is countable. We observe that it suffices to show $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$ is countable, because the proof then follows clearly from induction. To show $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$ is countable, we construct a bijection ϕ from $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$ to \mathbb{N} as

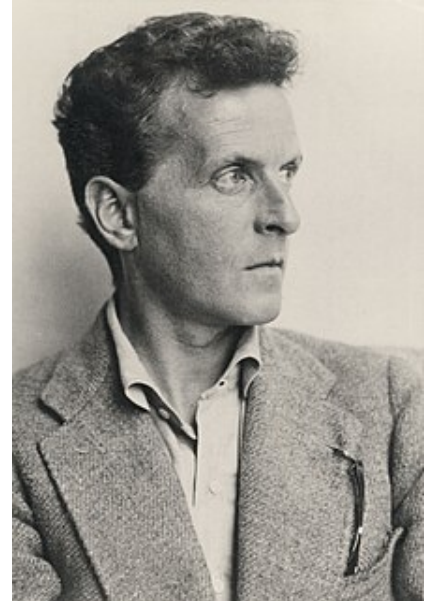
$$\phi(m, n) = 2^{m-1} \cdot (2n - 1)$$

Outline

1. Happy few
2. Terribles simplificateurs
3. **Duty of genius**
4. Imposter syndrome

Ludwig Wittgenstein: the duty of genius

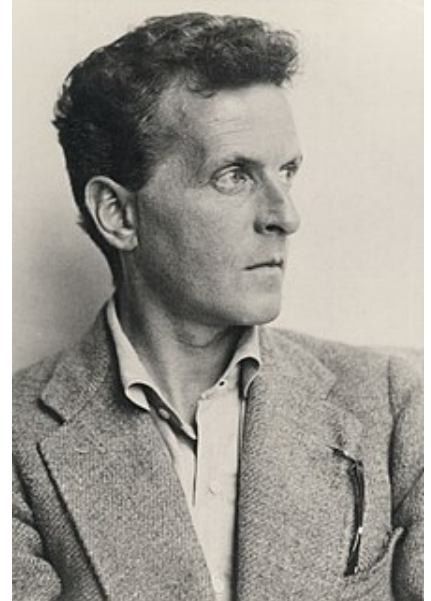
Born in Vienna in 1889.



Ludwig Wittgenstein: the duty of genius

Born in Vienna in 1889.

Abandoned planes for Russel in Cambridge



Ludwig Wittgenstein: the duty of genius

Born in Vienna in 1889.

Abandoned planes for Russell in Cambridge

Fought in World War I

(where he wrote his only book: Tractatus)



Ludwig Wittgenstein: the duty of genius

Born in Vienna in 1889.

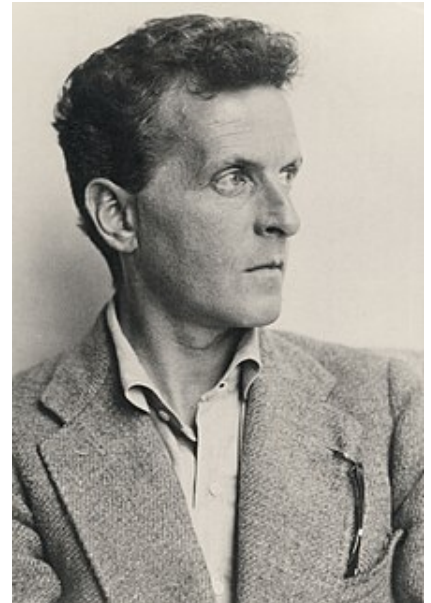
Abandoned planes for Russell in Cambridge

Fought in World War I

(where he wrote his only book: Tractatus)

Became a teacher, and

had to be persuaded to come back to Cambridge



Ludwig Wittgenstein: the duty of genius

Born in Vienna in 1889.

Abandoned planes for Russel in Cambridge

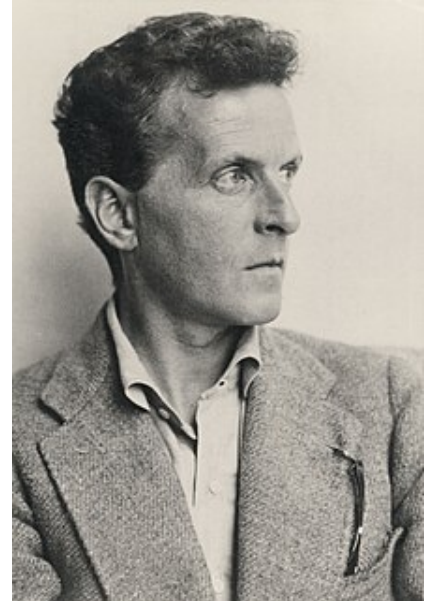
Fought in World War I

(where he wrote his only book: Tractatus)

Became a teacher, and

had to be persuaded to come back to Cambridge

Wittgenstein in a letter to a friend:



“I know that you have a family
but you won’t be any use to your family if you’re no use to yourself.”

Ludwig Wittgenstein: the duty of genius

Born in Vienna in 1889.

Abandoned planes for Russel in Cambridge

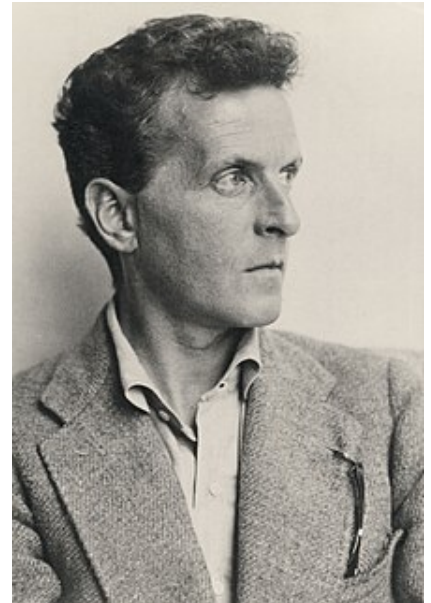
Fought in World War I

(where he wrote his only book: Tractatus)

Became a teacher, and

had to be persuaded to come back to Cambridge

Wittgenstein in a letter to a friend:



“I know that you have a family
but you won’t be any use to your family if you’re no use to yourself.”

(advising him to fight in World War II)

Vincent van Gogh influence

Influenced art, rather than the opposite

Vincent van Gogh influence

Influenced art, rather than the opposite

One of the sunflowers were for his friend visit



Vincent van Gogh influence

Influenced art, rather than the opposite

One of the sunflowers were for his friend visit

- Wife of his brother Theo van Gogh:
Johanna van Gogh, an English teacher



Vincent van Gogh influence

Influenced art, rather than the opposite

One of the sunflowers were for his friend visit

- Wife of his brother Theo van Gogh:
Johanna van Gogh, an English teacher
- In 1891, after both brothers died, left with:
a child, around 200 “worthless” paintings



Vincent van Gogh influence

Influenced art, rather than the opposite

One of the sunflowers were for his friend visit

- Wife of his brother Theo van Gogh:
Johanna van Gogh, an English teacher
- In 1891, after both brothers died, left with:
a child, around 200 “worthless” paintings
- Probably thanks to her stubbornness and belief
Vincent van Gogh was finally appreciated



Belief in importance

As simple as that, this is my main motivation

Belief in importance

As simple as that, this is my main motivation

Can be misinterpreted, e.g. probably Russel misunderstood Wittgenstein:

“ . . . people who like philosophy will pursue it, and others won't,
and there is an end of it.”

Belief in importance

As simple as that, this is my main motivation

Can be misinterpreted, e.g. probably Russel misunderstood Wittgenstein:

“ . . . people who like philosophy will pursue it, and others won't,
and there is an end of it.”

But Wittgenstein had a strong sense of duty

Belief in importance

As simple as that, this is my main motivation

Can be misinterpreted, e.g. probably Russel misunderstood Wittgenstein:

“ . . . people who like philosophy will pursue it, and others won't,
and there is an end of it.”

But Wittgenstein had a strong sense of duty

- Also it's easy to say, but can you afford it?

Belief in importance

As simple as that, this is my main motivation

Can be misinterpreted, e.g. probably Russel misunderstood Wittgenstein:

“ . . . people who like philosophy will pursue it, and others won't,
and there is an end of it.”

But Wittgenstein had a strong sense of duty

- Also it's easy to say, but can you afford it?

Wittgenstein was from a wealthy family

And didn't have classical family responsibilities

Belief in importance

As simple as that, this is my main motivation

Can be misinterpreted, e.g. probably Russel misunderstood Wittgenstein:

“ . . . people who like philosophy will pursue it, and others won't,
and there is an end of it.”

But Wittgenstein had a strong sense of duty

- Also it's easy to say, but can you afford it?

Wittgenstein was from a wealthy family

And didn't have classical family responsibilities

- Belief in importance is **an** important factor

- Wittgenstein's letter to Ficker:

“(...) my work consists of two parts: of the one which is here, and of everything which I have not written. And precisely this second part is the important one.”

- Wittgenstein's letter to Ficker:

“(...) my work consists of two parts: of the one which is here, and of everything which I have not written. And precisely this second part is the important one.”

- Notice what **does not** appear in good papers

- Wittgenstein's letter to Ficker:

“(...) my work consists of two parts: of the one which is here, and of everything which I have not written. And precisely this second part is the important one.”

- Notice what **does not** appear in good papers
- Do you think your work is **fundamental**?

- Wittgenstein's letter to Ficker:

“(...) my work consists of two parts: of the one which is here, and of everything which I have not written. And precisely this second part is the important one.”

- Notice what **does not** appear in good papers
- Do you think your work is **fundamental**?
Or it's another **Poubloon**?



- Wittgenstein's letter to Ficker:

“(...) my work consists of two parts: of the one which is here, and of everything which I have not written. And precisely this second part is the important one.”

- Notice what **does not** appear in good papers
- Do you think your work is **fundamental**?
Or it's another **Poubloon**?
- There's room for good work in between



- Wittgenstein's letter to Ficker:

“(…) my work consists of two parts: of the one which is here, and of everything which I have not written. And precisely this second part is the important one.”

- Notice what **does not** appear in good papers
- Do you think your work is **fundamental**?
Or it's another **Poubloon**?
- There's room for good work in between
But also for bad work



Outline

1. Happy few
2. Terribles simplificateurs
3. Duty of genius
4. **Imposter syndrome**

Thick as a brick

Jethro Tull's album from 1972



Thick as a brick

Jethro Tull's album from 1972
“mother of all concept albums”



Thick as a brick

Jethro Tull's album from 1972

“mother of all concept albums”

If a real newspaper could be produced,
a parody of one would also be practical



Thick as a brick

Jethro Tull's album from 1972

“mother of all concept albums”

If a real newspaper could be produced,
a parody of one would also be practical

Introduction:

Really don't mind if you sit this one out
My word's but a whisper, your deafness a shout
I may make you feel but I can't make you think



Crash course for students at conferences

You're often told that presentations are important (most important?)

Crash course for students at conferences

You're often told that presentations are important (most important?)

- There should be a story



Crash course for students at conferences

You're often told that presentations are important (most important?)

- There should be a story
- Not technical



Definition 4.15. Property \mathcal{P}_k is defined as the conjunction of these properties:

- (1) Places i and f are not resettable;
- (2) There is a full reset run $\{i: z\} \rightarrow^{\zeta} \{f: z\}$ in \mathcal{W} ;
- (3) \mathcal{W}^s is a workflow net which is generalised sound;
- (4) It is not possible to strictly cover $\{f: k\}$ starting from $\{i: k\}$, where "strictly cover" means reaching some marking $\mathbf{m} > \{f: k\}$. We call this property *coverability-clean*;
- (5) The last property is more complex. Consider the following set of markings:

$$X := \left\{ \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{N}^P \setminus \{\mathbf{0}\} : \mathbf{m} \not\rightarrow^* \uparrow \{f: 1\} \right\}.$$

In words, these are the nonzero markings that cannot mark

Crash course for students at conferences

You're often told that presentations are important (most important?)

- There should be a story
- Not technical



Definition 4.15. Property \mathcal{P}_k is defined as the conjunction of these properties:

- (1) Places i and f are not resetable;
- (2) There is a full reset run $\{i: z\} \rightarrow^{\zeta} \{f: z\}$ in \mathcal{W} ;
- (3) \mathcal{W}^s is a workflow net which is generalised sound;
- (4) It is not possible to strictly cover $\{f: k\}$ starting from $\{i: k\}$, where "strictly cover" means reaching some marking $\mathbf{m} > \{f: k\}$. We call this property *coverability-clean*;
- (5) The last property is more complex. Consider the following set of markings:

$$X := \{ \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{N}^P \setminus \{0\} : \mathbf{m} \not\rightarrow^* \uparrow \{f: 1\} \}.$$

In words, these are the nonzero markings that cannot mark

Crash course for students at conferences

You're often told that presentations are important (most important?)

- There should be a story
- Not technical
- Similar advice for conference papers



Definition 4.15. Property \mathcal{P}_k is defined as the conjunction of these properties:

- (1) Places i and f are not resetable;
- (2) There is a full reset run $\{i: z\} \rightarrow^{\zeta} \{f: z\}$ in \mathcal{W} ;
- (3) \mathcal{W}^s is a workflow net which is generalised sound;
- (4) It is not possible to strictly cover $\{f: k\}$ starting from $\{i: k\}$, where "strictly cover" means reaching some marking $\mathbf{m} > \{f: k\}$. We call this property *coverability-clean*;
- (5) The last property is more complex. Consider the following set of markings:

$$X := \{ \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{N}^P \setminus \{0\} : \mathbf{m} \not\rightarrow^* \uparrow \{f: 1\} \}.$$

In words, these are the nonzero markings that cannot mark

(“all proofs can be found in the appendix, soon available somewhere”)

Crash course for students at conferences

You're often told that presentations are important (most important?)

- There should be a story
- Not technical
- Similar advice for conference papers



Definition 4.15. Property \mathcal{P}_k is defined as the conjunction of these properties:

- (1) Places i and f are not resetable;
- (2) There is a full reset run $\{i: z\} \rightarrow^{\zeta} \{f: z\}$ in \mathcal{W} ;
- (3) \mathcal{W}^s is a workflow net which is generalised sound;
- (4) It is not possible to strictly cover $\{f: k\}$ starting from $\{i: k\}$, where "strictly cover" means reaching some marking $\mathbf{m} > \{f: k\}$. We call this property *coverability-clean*;
- (5) The last property is more complex. Consider the following set of markings:

$$X := \{ \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{N}^P \setminus \{0\} : \mathbf{m} \not\rightarrow^* \uparrow \{f: 1\} \}.$$

In words, these are the nonzero markings that cannot mark

(“all proofs can be found in the appendix, soon available somewhere”)

Are we still doing science?

This wasn't easy for me to accept

Crash course for students at conferences

You're often told that presentations are important (most important?)

- There should be a story
- Not technical
- Similar advice for conference papers



Definition 4.15. Property \mathcal{P}_k is defined as the conjunction of these properties:

- (1) Places i and f are not resetable;
- (2) There is a full reset run $\{i: z\} \rightarrow^{\zeta} \{f: z\}$ in \mathcal{W} ;
- (3) \mathcal{W}^s is a workflow net which is generalised sound;
- (4) It is not possible to strictly cover $\{f: k\}$ starting from $\{i: k\}$, where “strictly cover” means reaching some marking $m > \{f: k\}$. We call this property *coverability-clean*;
- (5) The last property is more complex. Consider the following set of markings:

$$X := \{m \in \mathbb{N}^P \setminus \{0\} : m \not\rightarrow^* \uparrow\{f: 1\}\}.$$

In words, these are the nonzero markings that cannot mark

(“all proofs can be found in the appendix, soon available somewhere”)

Are we still doing science?

This wasn't easy for me to accept

But it's important

I may make you feel but I can't make you think

Judging our work

We evaluate both **motivation** and **technical content**

Judging our work

We evaluate both **motivation** and **technical content**

- “Thick as a brick” had semi-serious motivation but today it’s a classic

Judging our work

We evaluate both **motivation** and **technical content**

- “Thick as a brick” had semi-serious motivation but today it’s a classic
- In our work papers often lack one of: **motivation** or **technical content**

Judging our work

We evaluate both **motivation** and **technical content**

- “Thick as a brick” had semi-serious motivation but today it’s a classic
- In our work papers often lack one of: **motivation** or **technical content**
Doesn’t mean they’re bad

Judging our work

We evaluate both **motivation** and **technical content**

- “Thick as a brick” had semi-serious motivation but today it’s a classic
- In our work papers often lack one of: **motivation** or **technical content**
Doesn’t mean they’re bad
- No **technical content** is usually evaluated better

Judging our work

We evaluate both **motivation** and **technical content**

- “Thick as a brick” had semi-serious motivation but today it’s a classic
- In our work papers often lack one of: **motivation** or **technical content**
Doesn’t mean they’re bad
- No **technical content** is usually evaluated better
- But no **motivation** can be important!

Judging our work

We evaluate both **motivation** and **technical content**

- “Thick as a brick” had semi-serious motivation but today it’s a classic
- In our work papers often lack one of: **motivation** or **technical content**
Doesn’t mean they’re bad
- No **technical content** is usually evaluated better
- But no **motivation** can be important!
My favorite example is pushdown VASS

Conclusion

- I do not dismiss ML research, it just fits the story

Conclusion

- I do not dismiss ML research, it just fits the story
- Happy few does not mean happy 0 or 1

Conclusion

- I do not dismiss ML research, it just fits the story
- Happy few does not mean happy 0 or 1
- I think it means we should not motivate things **only** by “practical”

Conclusion

- I do not dismiss ML research, it just fits the story
- Happy few does not mean happy 0 or 1
- I think it means we should not motivate things **only** by “practical”
- We share something with art
(but one shouldn't push too much this comparison)